Ethyl acetate

141-78-6

MSDS 10.3 Marine Clearcoats and Related Products  SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/preprocompany/undertaking							October 1, 2007 Page: 1
			reparation and of the	INGREDIENTS	CAS#	VAPOR PRESSURE	EXPOSURE LIMITS O 400.0 ppm
				Ethylbenzene	100 11 1	7.0	1 105.0
Manufacturer:	E.I. du Pont de N DuPont Performa Wilmington, DE,	ance Coatings 19898			100-41-4	7.0	A 125.0 ppm 15 min STEL A 100.0 ppm O 100.0 ppm D 25.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA
Telephone: Product information Medical emergency Transportation eme		cy: (800) 441-3637 nergency: (800) 424-9300		Isophorone diiso	cyanate homopo 53880-05-0	olymer None	A None O None
		(	(CHEMTREC)	Methyl amyl keto	ne		O NOTIC
Product:	Manina Olaman	ata and Balati	d Boodeste		110-43-0	3.4	A 50.0 ppm
	Marine Clearcoa	ats and Relate	ed Products	Methyl ethyl keto	ne		O 100.0 ppm
Hazardous Materials Information: See		See DOT A	n 10.	mony only los	78-93-3	71.2	A 300.0 ppm 15 min STEL A 200.0 ppm O 200.0 ppm D 300.0 ppm
Copyright 2007 E. reserved. Copies r			pany. All rights g DuPont products.				15 min TWA D 200.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA
				Methyl isobutyl k	etone 108-10-1	15.1	A 75.0 ppm
SECTION 2. Composition/information on			n ingredients		100-10-1	15.1	15 min STEL A 50.0 ppm O 100.0 ppm
INGREDIENTS	CAS#	VAPOR	EXPOSURE LIMITS	N-pentyl propion	ate		
2-ethylhexyl acet	ate	PRESSURE	LIMITS		624-54-4	1.5	A None
, ,	103-09-3	0.5	A None O None	P-toluenesulfony	l isocyanate 4083-64-1	0.0@50.0°C	O None A None
Acetone	67-64-1	247.0@68.0	°F A 750.0 ppm	Cumthatia wasin			O None
			15 min STEL A 500.0 ppm O 1000.0 ppm D 500.0 ppm	Synthetic resin Toluene	NotAvail	None	A None O None A 20.0 ppm
	_		8 & 12 hour TWA		100-00-3	22.0	A 20.0 ppm
Acrylic polymer-A	A NotAvail	None	A None O None				O 300.0 ppm CEIL O 500.0 ppm
Acrylic polymer-E	3 69215-54-9	None	A None O None				10 min TWA O 200.0 ppm
Aliphatic polyisod	cyanate resin		O None				D 50.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA
	28182-81-2	None	S 1.0 mg/m3 15 min STEL S 0.5 mg/m3 A None	Vm&p naphtha	8032-32-4	17.9@68.0°F	
Amorphous silica	2		O None	Xylene			
·	92797-60-9	<0.0	A 2.0 mg/m3 Respirable Dust O 1.0 mg/m3 15 min STEL D 1.0 mg/m3 Respirable Dust		1330-20-7	8.0@25.0°C	A 150.0 ppm 15 min STEL A 100.0 ppm O 100.0 ppm D 150.0 ppm 15 min STEL D 100.0 ppm
Butyl acetate	123-86-4	10.0	A 200.0 ppm				8 & 12 hour TWA
	123-00-4	10.0	15 min STEL A 150.0 ppm				mits are 8 hour TWA
Ethyl 3-ethoxy pr	opionate		O 150.0 ppm	unless other		. Vapor pressure wise noted.	@ 20° C uniess
Ethyl acetate	763-69-9	1.1@25.0°C	C A None O None			zarda idantificati	

# Potential Health Effects:

**SECTION 3. Hazards identification** 

93.2@25.0°C A 400.0 ppm

#### Inhalation:

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression, characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product contains or is mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener, the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

#### Ingestion:

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

## Skin or eye contact:

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

# Other Potential Health Effects in addition to those listed above: Acetone

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: lung disease, eye disorders, skin disorders. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, central nervous system, eyes, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin.

#### Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin

Overexposure may cause asthma-like reactions with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough, which may be permanent; or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: asthma, skin disorders, respiratory disorders. Potential skin sensitizer that may cause allergic reactions and contact dermatitis resulting in severe irritation, dryness, and cracking of the skin. Skin or eye contact may cause any of the following: irritation.

#### **Butyl** acetate

May cause abnormal liver function. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: respiratory system. Tests for embryotoxic activity in animals has been inconclusive. Rats exposed to very high airborne levels have exhibited high frequency hearing deficits. The significance of this to man is unknown. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses that are toxic to the mother.

#### Ethyl acetate

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: eyes, respiratory system, skin. Tests in laboratory animals have shown effects on any of the following organs/systems: blood, kidneys, liver.

# Ethylbenzene

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. Studies in laboratory animals have shown reproductive, embryotoxic and developmental effects.

WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer

# Isophorone diisocyanate homopolymer

May cause temporary upper respiratory and/or lung irritation with cough, difficult breathing, or shortness of breath. Overexposure may cause asthma-like reactions with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough, which may be permanent; or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated and prolonged

overexposure may cause delayed effects involving the respiratory system. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause lung injury, including a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: lungs, skin. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by overexposure: asthma, eye disorders, eczema, skin disorders, respiratory disorders.

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#### Methyl ethyl ketone

Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, eyes, respiratory system, skin. Prolonged or repeated overexposure may cause any of the following: conjunctivitis, dermatitis. High concentrations have caused embryotoxic effects in laboratory animals. Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage. Ingestion may cause headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and drowsiness.

#### Methyl isobutyl ketone

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: asthma, respiratory disease, eye disorders, pulmonary conditions, skin disorders. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause any of the following: dryness, cracking of the skin, defatting. Inhalation may cause any of the following: dizziness, stupor (central nervous system depression), drowsiness, respiratory tract irritation.

#### P-toluenesulfonyl isocyanate

Overexposure may cause asthma-like reactions with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough, which may be permanent; or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: asthma, skin disorders, respiratory disorders. Potential skin sensitizer that may cause allergic reactions and contact dermatitis resulting in severe irritation, dryness, and cracking of the skin. Skin or eye contact may cause any of the following: irritation.

#### Toluen

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin. Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. High airborne levels have produced irregular heart beats in animals and occasional palpitations in humans. Rats exposed to very high airborne levels have exhibited high frequency hearing deficits. The significance of this to man is unknown.

WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

# Vm&p naphtha

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs, respiratory system, skin. This substance may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs, skin and eyes. Material may be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

# Xylene

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: bone marrow, cardiovascular system, central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. High exposures may produce irregular heart beats. Canada classifies Xylene as a developmental toxin as high exposures to xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing fetus/embryo. These effects were often at levels toxic to the adult animal. The significance of these effects to humans is not known. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause any of the following: irritation, dryness, cracking of the skin.

#### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### First Aid Procedures:

#### Inhalation:

If affected by inhalation of vapor or spray mist, move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing difficulty persists, or occurs later, consult a physician.

#### Ingestion:

In the unlikely event of ingestion, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Call a physician immediately and have names of ingredients available.

#### Skin or eye contact:

In case of eye contact, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes; call a physician. In case of skin contact, wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation occurs, contact a physician.

#### **SECTION 5. Fire-fighting measures**

Flash Point (Closed Cup): See Section 11 for exact values.

Flammable Limits: LFL 0.9 % UFL 13 %

#### **Extinguishing Media:**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

#### Fire Fighting Procedures:

Full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus, is recommended. Water from fog nozzles may be used to prevent pressure build-up.

# Fire and Explosion Hazards:

For flammable liquids, vapor/air will ignite when an ignition source is present. In other cases, when heated above the flash point, emits flammable vapors which, when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive. Fine mists or sprays may be flammable at temperatures below the flash point.

#### **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

# Procedures for cleaning up spills or leaks:

Ventilate area. Remove sources of ignition. Prevent skin and eye contact and breathing of vapor. If material does not contain or is not mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener: Wear a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Confine, remove with inert absorbent, and dispose of properly. If the material contains, or is mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener: Wear a positive-pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH approved TC-19C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Pour liquid decontamination solution over the spill and allow to sit at least 10 minutes. Typical decontamination solutions for isocyanate containing materials are: 20% Surfactant (Tergitol TMN 10) and 80% Water OR 0-10% Ammonia, 2-5% Detergent and Water (balance). Pressure can be generated. Do not seal waste containers for 48 hours to allow C02 to vent. After 48 hours, material may be sealed and disposed of properly.

#### **Ecological information**

There is no data available on the product. The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

#### Precautions to be taken in handling and storing:

Observe label precautions. If combustible (flashpoint between 100 - 200 deg F), keep away from heat, sparks and flame. If flammable (flashpoint less than 100 deg F), also keep away from static discharges and other sources of ignition. If material is extremely flammable (flashpoint less than 20 deg F) or flammable, VAPORS MAY IGNITE EXPLOSIVELY OR CAUSE FLASH FIRE, respectively. Vapors may spread long distances. Prevent buildup of vapors. Close container after each use. Ground containers when pouring. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Do not store above 120 deg F. If product is waterbased, do not freeze.

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#### Other precautions:

If material is a coating: do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with particulate filters or appropriate ventilation, and gloves.

#### SECTION 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

# **Engineering controls and work practices: Ventilation**

Provide sufficient ventilation in volume and pattern to keep contaminants below applicable exposure limits.

## Respiratory protection

Do not breathe vapors or mists. If this product contains isocyanates or is used with an isocyanate activator/hardener, wear a positive-pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH approved TC-19C) while mixing activator/hardener with paint, during application and until all vapors and spray mist are exhausted. If product does not contain or is not mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener, a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH TC-23C) and particulate filter (NIOSH TC-84A) may be used. Follow respirator manufacturer s directions for respirator use. Do not permit anyone without protection in the painting area. Individuals with history of lung or breathing problems or prior reaction to isocyanates should not use or be exposed vapor or spray mist if product contains or is mixed with isocyanate activators/hardeners.

# Protective equipment

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

# Skin protection

Neoprene gloves and coveralls are recommended.

#### Eye protection

Desirable in all industrial situations. Goggles are preferred to prevent eye irritation. If safety glasses are substituted, include splash guard or side shields.

# SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether		
Water solubility	NIL		
Vapour density	Heavier than air		
Approx. Boiling Range (°C)	55.6 - 165 °C		
Approx. Freezing Range (°C)	-8450 °C		
Gallon Weight (lbs/gal)	7.55 - 8.36		
Specific Gravity	0.90 - 1.00		
Percent Volatile By Volume	59.64 - 73.16		
Percent Volatile By Weight	53.01 - 65.00		
Percent Solids By Volume	26.84 - 40.36		
Percent Solids By Weight	35.01 - 46.99		

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

# \* = Section 313 Supplier Notification: These chemicals are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency planning and Right-to-Know act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

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@ = Listed as a Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutant.

# = EPCRA Section 302 - Extremely hazardous substances.

# Stable

Stability:

# Incompatibility (materials to avoid):

None reasonably foreseeable

# Hazardous decomposition products:

CO, C02, smoke, and oxides of any heavy metals that are reported in "Composition, Information on Ingredients" section.

#### **Hazardous Polymerization:**

Will not occur.

### Sensitivity to Static Discharge:

For flammable materials (flashpoint less than 100 deg F) and combustibles (flashpoint between 100-200 deg F) if heated above the flashpoint, solvent vapors in air may explode if static grounding and bonding is not used during transfer of this product.

#### Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact:

None known.

#### **SECTION 11. Additional Information**

18120S<sup>™</sup> Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin, Butyl acetate, Ethyl 3-ethoxy propionate, Ethylbenzene(1.3 - 3.3%\*@), Isophorone diisocyanate homopolymer, P-toluenesulfonyl isocyanate(0.2%), Xylene(10 - 12%\*@) GAL WT: 8.36 WT PCT SOLIDS: 46.99 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 40.36 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.41 VOC LE: 4.4 VOC AP: 4.4 FLASH POINT: 73°F to below 100°F H: 3 F: 3 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IC TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTO-CHEMICALY REACTIVE: YES

18122S<sup>™</sup> 2-ethylhexyl acetate, Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin, Butyl acetate, Ethyl 3-ethoxy propionate, Isophorone diisocyanate homopolymer, N-pentyl propionate, P-toluenesulfonyl isocyanate(0.2%) GAL WT: 8.33 WT PCT SOLIDS: 46.97 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 40.18 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.37 VOC LE: 4.4 VOC AP: 4.4 FLASH POINT: 20°F to below 73°F H: 3 F: 3 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTO-CHEMICALY REACTIVE: NO

18320S<sup>™</sup> Acetone, Acrylic polymer-A, Amorphous silica, Butyl acetate, Ethyl acetate, Methyl amyl ketone, Vm&p naphtha GAL WT: 7.68 WT PCT SOLIDS: 35.73 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 26.84 SOLVENT DENSITY: 6.72 VOC LE: 4.8 VOC AP: 4.5 FLASH POINT: 20°F to below 73°F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTO-CHEMICALY REACTIVE: NO

18321S<sup>™</sup> Acetone, Acrylic polymer-B, Ethylbenzene(1.9 - 4.7%\*@), Methyl amyl ketone, Methyl ethyl ketone, Methyl isobutyl ketone(8%\*@), Synthetic resin, Toluene(2 - 2%\*@), Xylene(14 - 17%\*@) GAL WT: 7.55 WT PCT SOLIDS: 35.01 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 28.13 SOLVENT DENSITY: 6.83 VOC LE: 4.2 VOC AP: 2.9 FLASH POINT: Below 20°F H: 2 F: 3 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTO-CHEMICALY REACTIVE: YES

## Footnotes:

**TSCA:** in compliance = In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

**ACGIH** = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer.

NTP = National Toxicology Program.

**OSHA** = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PNOR = Particles not otherwise regulated.

**PNOC** = Particles not otherwise classified.

STEL = Short term exposure limit.

**TWA** = Time-weighted average.

TM = Is a Trademark of E.I. DuPont de Nemours Co.

#### Notice:

The information on this Material Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.

Product Manager: Refinish Sales Prepared by: Y. B. Yarbrough